

(Book 1)

AC [N-UNCOUNT-U11] AC, or alternating current, is a type of electric current that constantly flows back and forth in different directions. / εναλλασσόμενο ρεύμα

add [V-T-U9] To add numbers is to combine them. / προσθέτω

allen wrench [N-COUNT-U2] An allen wrench is an L-shaped piece of metal with a six-sided head used to tighten screws and bolts. / κλειδί άλληεν

ampere [N-COUNT-U11] An ampere is a unit of measurement for electricity. / αμπέρ (μονάδα μέτρησης της έντασης του ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος)

and [CONJ-U9] And is used when combining or adding numbers. For example, one and one equals two. / (για την πρόσθεση) συν, και

arc flash blanket [N-COUNT-U6] An arc flash blanket is a blanket electricians use to protect themselves from electrical blasts and fires. / πυρίμαχη κουβέρτα προστασίας των ηλεκτρολόγων

arc flash clothing [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Arc flash clothing is pants, shirts, jackets, and shoes designed to protect electricians from electric shock. / πυρίμαχος ρουχισμός προστασίας των ηλεκτρολόγων

arc shield [N-COUNT-U6] An arc shield is a protective plastic shield for the eyes and face that fits onto a hard hat. / μάσκα προστασίας του προσώπου

armored cable (AC) [N-COUNT-U13] An armored cable (AC) is a wire encased in a spiraled steel insulation with no grounding wires. / θωρακισμένο καλώδιο

auger bit [N-COUNT-U3] An auger bit is a bit that cuts into wood. These bits are usually from 17 to 25 centimeters long. / κοχλιωτή κεφαλή τρυπανιού

bind [V-T-U8] To bind is to put two things together with rope or tape. / δένω, ενώνω με σκοινί/ταινία

block [N-COUNT-U5] A block is a piece of stone, wood or other material that is solid with flat surfaces on each side. / κομμάτι πέτρας, ξύλου κ.λπ. με επίπεδες επιφάνειες

brick [N-COUNT-U5] A brick is a block of clay that is baked until it is hard and used for building. / τούβλο

burn [N-COUNT-U12] A burn is a painful injury to the body caused by heat. / έγκαυμα

caliper [N-COUNT-U10] A caliper is a small measuring device. / διαστημόμετρο (είδος διαβήτη για μέτρηση διαστημάτων)

Celsius [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Celsius is the metric temperature scale where water freezes at 0 degrees and boils at 100 degrees. / κλίμακα Κελσίου

cement [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Cement is a mixture of ground limestone and clay. / τσιμέντο

centimeter [N-COUNT-U10] A centimeter is a metric unit that measures length or distance, equal to ten millimeters. / εκατοστό

circular saw [N-COUNT-U3] A circular saw is an electric or gas-operated saw with a round blade. / δισκοπρίο

climb [V-T-U7] To climb is to ascend or move up towards the top of something. / σκαρφαλώνω

code [N-COUNT-U14] A code is a set of numbers or letters that gives information about something. / κώδικας

come to [V PHRASE-U9] To come to a number is to equal that number. / ισούται με

concrete [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Concrete is a hard material made by combining cement, small stones, sand and water. / σκυρόδεμα, μπετόν

conductor [N-COUNT-U13] A conductor is a wire. It is the metal part of a cable that carries electricity. / αγωγός του ηλεκτρισμού

conduit bender [N-COUNT-U4] A conduit bender is an instrument that twists objects made of metal. / κουρμπαδόρος αγωγών

connect [V-T-U8] To connect is to plug in or turn on electricity or power. / συνδέω

convert [V-T-U10] To convert something is to change it from one state or mode into another. / μετατρέπω

copper [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Copper is a reddish brown metal that is often used for pipes or wires. / χαλκός

crimper [N-COUNT-U2] A crimper is a tool used for pushing connectors around bare wires. / πρέσα ακροδεκτών

crimp-on connector [N-COUNT-U15] A crimp-on connector is a type of connector that is fixed in place by using a crimping tool. / πρεσαριστό βύσμα

current [N-COUNT-U11] A current is the quantity of electricity that is flowing in a wire at a specific time. / ηλεκτρικό ρεύμα

DC [N-UNCOUNT-U11] DC, or direct current, is a type of electricity that goes in one direction, not two. / συνεχές ρεύμα

de-energize [V-T-U12] To de-energize is to prevent power from reaching an object, especially electrical equipment. / απενεργοποιώ, κλείνω (διακόπτη παροχής ρεύματος)

degree [N-COUNT-U10] A degree is a unit that is used to measure temperature. / βαθμός θερμοκρασίας

diagonal cutters [N-PLURAL-U1] Diagonal cutters are pliers that are only used for cutting wire and do not grip. / ηθαγιοκόπτης

diameter [N-COUNT-U14] The diameter of a circle is an imaginary line that runs through it showing its width. / διάμετρος κύκλου

divided by [V PHRASE-U9] If a number is divided by a second number, you calculate how many times the second number goes into it. / (που διαιρείται) διά

drill [N-COUNT-U3] A drill is a machine used to make holes in different kinds of material. / τρυπάνι

drill bit [N-COUNT-U3] A drill bit is the sharp end of a drill used to cut into objects to make holes. / κεφαλή τρυπανιού

drywall [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Drywall is a board made of plaster and covered in paper that is used in building. / γυψοσανίδα

duct tape [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Duct tape is a kind of tape made of mesh that is used to seal air ducts. / κολλητική μονωτική ταινία

eighth [N-COUNT-U9] An eighth is one of eight equal parts of something. / το όγδοο

electric shock [N-COUNT-U6] An electric shock is a shock of electricity to the body. / ηλεκτροπληξία

electrical hot gloves [N-PLURAL-U6] Electrical hot gloves are gloves made of rubber that protect electricians from electric shock. / λαστιχένια γάντια προστασίας των ηλεκτρολόγων

- electrical tape** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Electrical tape is a kind of tape made of plastic or vinyl that is used to insulate electrical wires. / μονωτική ταινία
- electrocution** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Electrocution is death or injury caused by electricity running through the body. / θανατηφόρος ηλεκτροπληξία
- electron** [N-COUNT-U11] An electron is a small part of an atom that contains a negative charge. / εκτυπωμένο ανάγλυφο
- embossed** [ADJ-U14] If an object is embossed, it has a pattern, number or design engraved on it. / εκτυπωμένο ανάγλυφο
- end cutting pliers** [N-PLURAL-U1] End cutting pliers are pliers used for pulling out staples etc. / εμπροσθοκόπτης, τσιμπίδα αφαίρεσης ελασμάτων
- equals** [V-T-U9] If the answer to a mathematical problem equals a number, it is that number. / ισούται με, ίσον
- Fahrenheit** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Fahrenheit is the non-metric temperature scale where water freezes at 32 degrees and water boils at 212 degrees. / κλίμακα Φαρενάιτ
- fish tape** [N-COUNT-U4] A fish tape is a long, metal instrument that electricians use to put electrical wires in walls. / ατσάλινα (για τοποθέτηση καλωδίων σε κανάλια τοίχων)
- flashlight** [N-COUNT-U1] A flashlight is a small, battery operated light that can be carried around. / φακός
- foot** [N-COUNT-U10] A foot is a unit of length that equals 12 inches. / πόδι (μονάδα μέτρησης μήκους, 1 πόδι = 0,3048 μέτρα)
- gauge** [N-COUNT-U14] A gauge is a device which calculates and shows the amount or degree of what is inside an object, such as a gas tank or wire. / μετρητής, όργανο μέτρησης
- grab** [V-T-U7] To grab something is to take hold of it suddenly. / αρπάζω, πιάνω
- grounding connector** [N-COUNT-U15] A grounding connector is for making ground connections. It is used for splicing wires that need to be grounded. / βύσμα γείωσης
- hacksaw** [N-COUNT-U2] A hacksaw is a saw with a thin blade used to cut through metal. / σιδεροπρίονο
- hammer** [N-COUNT-U2] A hammer is a tool with a metal top used for hitting nails or other objects. / σφυρί
- hammer drill** [N-COUNT-U4] A hammer drill is a machine which hits a hard substance (like cement) repeatedly to break it apart. / κρουστικό δράπανο, σφυροτρύπανο
- hard hat** [N-COUNT-U6] A hard hat is a protective hat made of strong plastic. / προστατευτικό κράνος
- hazard** [N-COUNT-U12] A hazard is a known danger. / κίνδυνος
- hole saw bit** [N-COUNT-U3] A hole saw bit is a metal tube-shaped drill bit with sharp edges used to cut rings into objects. / κεφαλή ποτηροτρυπανου τοιχου
- hot stick** [N-COUNT-U6] A hot stick is a fiberglass rod that electricians use to protect themselves from shocks when they are working with wires. / ράβδος γείωσης
- hundred** [N-COUNT-U9] A hundred is combined with another number to express numbers in the thousands. For example, the number 2,300 could be stated twenty-three hundred. / η εκατοντάδα
- imperial** [ADJ-U10] If something is imperial, it involves the system of measurement based on the inch and the pound. / (για σύστημα μέτρησης) βρετανικό (με ίντσες [για μήκος] και λίβρες [για βάρος])
- inch** [N-COUNT-U10] An inch is an imperial unit that measures length or distance. / ίντσα (μονάδα μέτρησης μήκους, 1 ίντσα = 2,54 εκατοστά)
- inspect** [V-T-U8] To inspect is to look at or analyze something carefully. / ελέγχω, επιθεωρώ
- install** [V-T-U8] To install is to arrange, connect or put something in a certain place so you can use it. / εγκαθιστώ
- insulated** [ADJ-U13] If a wire is insulated, then it is protected from touching other wires. This helps prevent fires and short circuiting. / μονωμένος
- insulation** [N-COUNT-U8] Insulation is a material used to prevent the conduction of heat or of electricity. / μονωτικό υλικό
- is** [V-T-U9] If something is something else, they are equal. / ισούται με, ίσον
- jacket** [N-COUNT-U13] A jacket is the insulated sheath that protects the wires from touching each other or getting too hot. / μονωτική επένδυση καλωδίου
- jigsaw** [N-COUNT-U3] A jigsaw is an electric or gas-operated saw with a thin blade, which cuts straight and rounded edges into objects. / ηλεκτρικό πριόνι
- kneel** [V-I-U7] To kneel is to support oneself on one or both knees. / γονατίζω
- knob and tube (K&T) wiring** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Knob and tube (K&T) wiring is wires encased in porcelain knobs and tubes. It is usually found in older homes. / καλωδίωση παλαιού τύπου (με σωλήνες μόνωσης από πορσελίανη)
- labeling machine** [N-COUNT-U4] A labeling machine is an instrument electricians use to make labels for different objects. / ετικετέζα
- leather gloves** [N-PLURAL-U6] Leather gloves are gloves that are made of leather and used to protect the hands. / δερμάτινα γάντια
- less** [PREP-U9] Less is used when taking a number away from another. / μείον, πηλν
- level** [N-COUNT-U4] A level is a tool electricians use to ensure they install things in a straight line. / αλφάδι
- lift** [V-T-U7] To lift something is to move it to a higher position. / σηκώνω
- lineman's pliers** [N-PLURAL-U4] Lineman's pliers are tools workers use to twist and slice wires. / πένσα με κόφτη καλωδίων
- live wire** [N-COUNT-U12] A live wire is a wire with electrical energy running through it. / ηλεκτροφόρο καλώδιο
- location** [N-COUNT-U14] A location is a place or site. / τοποθεσία
- lockout/tagout procedure** [N-COUNT-U12] A lockout/tagout procedure is when a lock is placed on a power source after it has been turned off and a label is placed on the equipment to show that it has been locked. / διαδικασία κλειδώματος και σήμανσης ηλεκτρικού εξοπλισμού
- long nose (needle nose) pliers** [N-PLURAL-U1] Long nose pliers are pliers with long blades able to grip or cut through wires. / μυτοσίμιο

- masonry drill bit** [N-COUNT-U4] A masonry drill bit is a bit that is made to drill through hard surfaces like stone or concrete. It is usually used with a hammer drill. / κεφαλή τρυπανιού λιθοδομής (βαρέος τύπου)
- maximum** [ADJ-U14] Maximum is the most of something that is achievable. / ο μέγιστος, ο μεγαλύτερος
- measuring tape** [N-COUNT-U1] A measuring tape is a tool with a long piece of thin metal, paper or plastic with numbers on it. / μεζούρα
- metal-clad (MC) cable** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Metal-clad (MC) cable is wires encased in steel insulation, and it has a green ground wire inside the metal jacket. / καλώδιο με μεταλλική μόνωση
- meter** [N-COUNT-U10] A meter is a unit of length that measures 100 centimeters or 39 inches. / μέτρο (η βασική μονάδα μέτρησης του μήκους)
- metric** [ADJ-U10] If something is metric, it involves the system of measurement based on the meter and the kilogram. / (για σύστημα μέτρησης) μετρικό (με μέτρα [για μήκος] και κιλά [για βάρος])
- micrometer** [N-COUNT-U10] A micrometer is a type of caliper with a calibrated screw used to measure small distances. / μικρόμετρο (όργανο για την ακριβή μέτρηση πολύ μικρών αποστάσεων)
- millimeter** [N-COUNT-U10] A millimeter is a metric unit that measures length or distance, equal to 1/10 of a centimeter. / χιλιοστό
- minus** [PREP-U9] Minus is used when taking away a number from another. / μείον, πλν
- mortar** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Mortar is a mixture of sand, water and lime used to hold bricks or stones in place. / ασβεστοκονίαμα
- multimeter** [N-COUNT-U4] A multimeter is a device used to determine a wire's amount of voltage and power. / πολύμετρο (συσκευή μέτρησης της έντασης και της τάσης του ρεύματος)
- multiplied by** [V PHRASE-U9] If a number is multiplied by another, it is added onto itself that number of times. / (που πολλαπλασιάζεται) επί
- nonmetallic (NM) sheath cable** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Nonmetallic (NM) sheath cable is wires in a non-metal jacket. The jacket is made of a material like thermoplastic. / καλώδιο χωρίς μεταλλική μόνωση
- nut driver** [N-COUNT-U2] A nut driver is a tool used for tightening nuts. / καρυδοκατσάβιδο
- ohm** [N-COUNT-U11] An ohm is a unit of measurement showing electrical resistance. / ομ (μονάδα μέτρησης της ηλεκτρικής αντίστασης)
- ought** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Ought is nothing or nil. / μηδέν
- over** [PREP-U9] If one number is over another number, it is divided by that number. / (για τη διαίρεση) διά
- paralyze** [V-T-U12] To paralyze is to freeze the muscles so they cannot move. / προκαλώ παράλυση
- Phillips screwdriver** [N-COUNT-U2] A Phillips screwdriver is a tool used to tighten screws that have a cross-shaped head. / σταυροκατσάβιδο
- plaster** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Plaster is a mixture of lime, sand and water used in buildings to cover walls and ceilings. / γύψος, σοβάς
- plug-in analyzer** [N-COUNT-U4] A plug-in analyzer is a machine used to check circuits to make sure they are correctly installed and safe. / όργανο για τον έλεγχο κυκλωμάτων
- plus** [PREP-U9] Plus is used when adding numbers. / (για την πρόσθεση) συν
- plywood** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Plywood is a board made of thin layers of wood that are glued together. / κοντραπλακέ
- pull** [V-T-U8] To pull is to put force on an object in order to move it closer to you. / τραβώ
- push** [V-T-U8] To push is to put force on an object in order to move it away from you. / πιέζω, σπρώχνω
- push-in connector** [N-COUNT-U15] Instead of twisting, wires are pushed in through holes in the push-in connector. / ηλεκτρολογική κλήμμα, σωληνωτός σύνδεσμος καλωδίων
- rating** [N-COUNT-U14] A rating is a list grading and comparing objects on their worth, usefulness or value. / αρίθμηση, διαβάθμιση κλίμακας
- reciprocating saw** [N-COUNT-U3] A reciprocating saw is an electric or gas-operated saw that has a few different blades which can be switched. / παλινδρομικό πριόνι
- release** [V-T-U7] To release something is to let it free or let it go. / απελευθερώνω, αφήνω
- replace** [V-T-U13] To replace is to take away an old wire and put a new wire in its place. / αντικαθιστώ
- resistance** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Electrical resistance is the way certain substances work against electricity. / αντίσταση
- resistant** [ADJ-U14] If an object is resistant, it is not affected by certain things such as heat or water. / ανθεκτικός (σε κάτι)
- risk** [N-COUNT-U12] A risk is a chance that something bad will happen. / κίνδυνος
- rotary drill** [N-COUNT-U5] A rotary drill is a drill that moves in circles to cut something. / περιστροφικό δράπανο
- rotary hammer** [N-COUNT-U5] A rotary hammer hits things hard, while turning, to drill into something. / περιστροφικό σφυρί
- round off** [V PHRASE-U10] To round off a screw or bolt is to damage it so that it cannot be moved properly with normal tools. / χαλάω μια βίδα, ένα μπουλόνι κ.λπ.
- rubber mat** [N-COUNT-U6] A rubber mat is a mat made of rubber that electricians stand on to protect themselves from electric shock. / λαστιχένιο χαλάκι
- safety glasses** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Safety glasses are clear glasses made of thick plastic that protect electricians' eyes from flashes and dangerous materials. / προστατευτικά γυαλιά
- screwdriver** [N-COUNT-U1] A screwdriver is a tool used to tighten or loosen screws. / κατασάβιδι
- service entrance (SE) cable** [N-COUNT-U13] A service entrance (SE) cable is used for wiring outside and above ground. / καλώδιο για επιφανειακή και εναέρια χρήση
- sheath** [N-COUNT-U14] A sheath is a plastic casing that protects wires. / περιβλήμα, κάλυμμα
- shell** [N-COUNT-U15] A shell is a covering used on connectors to protect wires. It is usually made of fire resistant thermoplastic. / κέλυφος, σκληρό περιβλήμα

- shock** [V-T-U12] To shock is to pass electricity through the body. / προκαλώ ηλεκτροσόκ
- side cutters** [N-PLURAL-U1] Side cutters are a type of pliers used for cutting, twisting or pulling wires. / πηλαγιοκόπτης, κοφτάκι
- socket wrench** [N-COUNT-U2] A socket wrench is a tool used to tighten bolts. / σωληνωτό κλειδί (για να βιδώνει μπουλόνια)
- spade bit** [N-COUNT-U3] A spade bit is a narrow bit with a sharp tip and edges. / κεφαλή ρουμποτρίπανου
- splice** [V-T-U8] To splice is to join two wires by twisting them and connecting the ends. / συνενώνω καλώδια
- split** [V-T-U7] To split something is to separate it or divide it into more than two parts. / διαχωρίζω, ανοίγω κατά μήκος
- spring** [N-COUNT-U15] A spring is a device inside the shell of a connector. The spring creates pressure which tightly splices the wires together. / ελατήριο
- stand** [V-T-U7] To stand is to be in a vertical position. / στέκομαι όρθιος
- static electricity** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Static electricity is an electrical charge made by friction. / στατικός ηλεκτρισμός
- steel** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Steel is a metal that is made from combining iron and carbon. / ατσάλι, χάλυβας
- steel toe boots** [N-PLURAL-U6] Steel toe boots are boots with a layer of steel in the front so that workers' feet won't be hurt by objects that fall. / μπότες με ατσάλινη άκρη για την προστασία των δαχτύλων των ποδιών
- stepped drill bit** [N-COUNT-U4] A stepped drill bit is a drill bit that is used to drill through metal, plastic or wood. / κεφαλή τρυπανιού για μέταλλο και πλαστικό (με διαβαθμίσεις στη διάμετρό του)
- stone** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Stone is the hard substance rocks are made from, and is often used in buildings. / πέτρα
- stoop** [V-I-U7] To stoop is to stand with the top half of the body bent forward. / σκύβω
- strip** [V-T-U8] To strip is to take the plastic covering off wires so that only the metal is left. / απογυμνώνω (καλώδιο απ' το πλαστικό του κάλυμμα)
- stud punch** [N-COUNT-U4] A stud punch is a device that cuts holes for wires to go through. / διακορευτής μεταλλικών προφίλ
- subtract** [V-T-U9] To subtract a number is to take it away from another number. / αφαιρώ
- test** [V-T-U8] To test is to turn something on or try something to see if it works. / ελέγχω, δοκιμάζω
- thermoplastic** [ADJ-U15] Thermoplastic describes the fire resistant material that is used to make connector shells. / θερμοπλαστικός
- times** [PREP-U9] Times is used when multiplying numbers. / (για τον πολλαπλασιασμό) επί
- tool belt** [N-COUNT-U2] A tool belt is a belt with loops for carrying tools while working on a job. / ζώνη εργαλείων
- tool kit** [N-COUNT-U1] A tool kit is a bag or box used to hold a set of tools. / σετ εργαλείων (μέσα σε εργαλειοθήκη)
- torque wrench** [N-COUNT-U2] A torque wrench is a tool that can be adjusted to create different amounts of force when turning a bolt. / δυναμόκλειδο (για να βιδώνει μπουλόνια)
- turn off** [V PHRASE-T-U7] To turn something off is to make it cease operating or stop working. / σβήνω, απενεργοποιώ
- turn on** [V PHRASE-T-U7] To turn something on is to make it operate or start working. / ανάβω, ενεργοποιώ
- twist** [V-T-U8] To twist something is to turn it or bend it. / στρίβω, γυρίζω
- twist bit** [N-COUNT-U3] A twist bit is a drill bit with a spiral or coil-shaped cutting part. / ελικοειδής κεφαλή τρυπανιού
- twist-on connector** [N-COUNT-U15] A twist-on connector is a wire connector that is twisted on. It connects or splices one or more wires. / βύσμα συστροφής
- underground connector** [N-COUNT-U15] When a connection may be exposed to water, moisture, and the elements, or buried underground, an underground connector is used. / υπόγειος συνδετήρας καλωδίων
- underground feeder (UF) cable** [N-COUNT-U13] An underground feeder (UF) cable is used outdoors and can be buried directly underground. It can be used in wet areas. / καλώδιο για υπόγεια χρήση
- utility knife** [N-COUNT-U1] A utility knife is a tool with a thin, sharp slanted blade used to cut things. / κοπίδι
- volt** [N-COUNT-U11] A volt measures the strength of the force moving electricity. / βολτ (μονάδα μέτρησης της τάσης του ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος)
- voltage** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Voltage is the force of moving electricity. / η τάση του ηλεκτρισμού
- waterproof connector** [N-COUNT-U15] A waterproof connector is designed to protect wires from water. / αδιάβροχος συνδετήρας καλωδίων
- watt** [N-COUNT-U11] A watt is a unit of measurement for electrical power. / βατ (μονάδα μέτρησης της ισχύος του ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος)
- winged connector** [N-COUNT-U15] A winged connector is a twist-on connector with extra plastic wings. This makes it easier to tighten. / φτερωτό βύσμα
- wire strippers** [N-PLURAL-U1] A wire stripper is a tool used for pulling the covering off wires. / απογυμνωτής καλωδίων
- wood** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Wood is a substance that comes from trees and is used for building. / ξύλο
- wood auger** [N-COUNT-U3] A wood auger is a big drill bit which smooths the rough parts of holes in wood. / ελικοειδής κεφαλή τρυπανιού (για να λειαίνει τις τρύπες που ανοίγονται σε ξύλο)
- yard** [N-COUNT-U10] A yard is a unit of length that equals 3 feet. / γιάρδα (μονάδα μέτρησης μήκους, 1 γιάρδα = 0,9144 μέτρα)
- (Book 2)**
- accommodate** [V-T-U4] If something can accommodate something else, it has enough capacity. / έχω χωρητικότητα για κάτι
- adapter** [N-COUNT-U15] An adapter is a device that allows devices with different types of connectors to be linked together. / αντάπτορας, προσαρμογέας
- aerial service** [N-COUNT-U3] An aerial service refers to a service entrance that is installed outside a building. / εναέρια παροχή ρεύματος

- amperage** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Amperage is the measurement of electrical current, expressed in amperes or amps. / η ένταση του ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος
- analyze** [V-T-U7] To analyze something is to carefully examine the nature of something. / αναλύω
- appliance** [N-COUNT-U7] An appliance is an electric machine that is used for a particular household purpose. / οικιακή συσκευή
- balance** [V-T-U7] To balance something is to make each side of something equal. / εξισορροπώ
- baseboard** [N-COUNT-U15] A baseboard covers the gap between the wall and the floor. / σοβατερί
- blade connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A blade connector is a single wire connection in which a blade is inserted into the blade's holder. / σύνδεσμος με πεπιλατωμένη μεταλλική κεφαλή
- blown fuse** [N-COUNT-U6] A blown fuse is a fuse in which the metal strip has melted to stop the flow of electricity. A blown fuse cannot be reused and must be replaced to restore the current. / καμένη ασφάλεια
- bond** [V-T-U5] To bond something is to fasten two or more parts together. / συνδέω, ενώνω
- bonding wire** [N-COUNT-U13] A bonding wire is a wire connected to the ground system. It is used to help form an electrically conductive path that allows an electrical current to flow uninterrupted. / καλώδιο σύνδεσης
- box extender** [N-COUNT-U10] A box extender is a part that fits around a switch if the switch is not flush with the wall. / περιμετρικό καπάκι διακόπτη/μπρίζας
- bracket** [N-COUNT-U10] A bracket is an attachment that is used to secure something to a wall. / γωνιακό στήριγμα για ράφια
- branch circuit** [N-COUNT-U4] A branch circuit is a part of an electrical system that carries electricity from the main service panel to a particular area or fixture. / παρακλάδι κυκλώματος
- breaker box** [N-COUNT-U14] A breaker box is an electrical box that distributes electricity through a house or building after passing through protective circuit breakers within the box. / κεντρικός πίνακας ασφαλειών
- building code** [N-COUNT-U2] A building code is a set of rules used for the structural safety of buildings. / κανονισμός δόμησης
- buried service** [N-COUNT-U3] A buried service refers to a service entrance that is installed underground. / υπόγεια παροχή ρεύματος
- capacity** [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Capacity is the maximum amount of electricity that can flow through an appliance. / χωρητικότητα (ποσότητα ηλεκτρισμού που αντέχει μια συσκευή)
- cartridge fuse** [N-COUNT-U6] A cartridge fuse is a fuse encased in a cylinder with metal caps on each end. / ασφάλεια μέσα σε προστατευτική θήκη
- cheater plug** [N-COUNT-U9] A cheater plug is an adapter that connects a plug with a grounding pin to an outlet without a grounding slot. / αντάπτορας, προσαρμογέας
- circuit breaker** [N-COUNT-U6] A circuit breaker is a switch that is tripped to stop electrical flow when it detects an excessive current. / ρελέ ασφαλείας
- clamp** [N-COUNT-U12] A clamp is a tool used to grasp two wires in order to conduct electricity through them. / συνδετήρας καλωδίων
- clamp connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A clamp connector uses a V-shaped ring to attach a connector to a cable. / συνδετήρας χειρός
- clearance** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] Clearance is the required distance that must be maintained between a building and a utility. / απόσταση ασφαλείας
- combustible** [N-COUNT-U14] A combustible is an object that can catch on fire easily. / εύφλεκτη ύλη
- commercial grade switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A commercial grade switch is a heavy duty switch. It is used in large buildings and is higher in price. / ρελέ ασφαλείας για μεγάλα ηλεκτρικά φορτία
- component** [N-COUNT-U5] A component is a small part of an electrical appliance. / εξάρτημα
- conduit** [N-COUNT-U2] A conduit is a tube put around electrical wiring for protection and routing. / σωλήνας με ηλεκτρικούς αγωγούς
- connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A connector is something that links two pieces of electrical equipment. / συνδετήρας
- consumption** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Consumption is the amount of something used. / κατανάλωση (ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος)
- continuous** [ADJ-U5] If something is continuous, it exists without stopping or being broken. / συνεχής
- control** [V-T-U10] To control something is to have power over the action or occurrence of something. / χειρίζομαι διακόπτη
- corresponding** [ADJ-U7] If something is corresponding, it is related to or connected to something else. / ανάλογος, αντίστοιχος
- coverplate** [N-COUNT-U10] A coverplate is a flat piece that fits around a switch to cover the wall cavity and switch box. / περιμετρικό κάλυμμα μπιρίζας
- cut off** [V PHRASE-T-U4] To cut off something is to stop or take away something abruptly. / διακόπτω, αποσυνδέω
- cut-in box** [N-COUNT-U8] A cut-in box is a receptacle box that is used in a wall that has already been built. / χώρος για διακόπτη μέσα στον τοίχο
- deep** [ADJ-U8] Deep describes the space of something from the front of it to the back of it. / βαθύς
- dimmer switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A dimmer switch allows for more control over a light setting. It changes the brightness of a light instead of simply turning it off or on. / ροοστάτης (συσκευή που ρυθμίζει την ένταση του ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος)
- ditch** [N-COUNT-U13] A ditch is a narrow trench that is made in the ground through digging. / χαντάκι
- double pole breaker** [N-COUNT-U6] A double pole breaker is a circuit breaker that is connected to two hot bus bars and supplies 240-volt power to a circuit. / διακόπτης διπλής ασφαλείας
- double pole switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A double pole switch is used to turn two independent circuits on or off at the same time. / διπολικός διακόπτης
- draw** [V-T-U7] To draw something is to bring something towards something else. / τραβώ (ρεύμα)

- drip loop** [N-COUNT-U3] A drip loop is a loop formed by incoming electrical wires that connect to a customer's building. / κουλούρα που σχηματίζει το καλώδιο για αποφυγή υγρασίας
- drive** [V-I-U13] To drive is to cause movement through some sort of force. / προωθούμαι, κινούμαι
- duplex outlet** [N-COUNT-U9] A duplex outlet is an outlet that can receive two plug receptacles. / διπλή μπρίζα
- earth grounding system** [N-COUNT-U12] An earth grounding system is an electrical system that measures the electrical capability of conductors against the electrical capability of the ground. / σύστημα γείωσης
- electrical fire** [N-COUNT-U14] An electrical fire is a fire that starts from an electrical source. / πυρκαγιά από ηλεκτρικό ρεύμα
- electrical load** [N-COUNT-U7] An electrical load is the total amount of power, or amperage, being drawn by an electrical panel. / ηλεκτρικό φορτίο
- electrical metallic tubing** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Electrical metallic tubing is a type of conduit tubing made of coated steel or aluminum. / μεταλλικές σωληνώσεις με ηλεκτρικούς αγωγούς
- equipment grounding conductor** [N-COUNT-U12] An equipment grounding conductor is a conductor joining a piece of metal that does not conduct electricity to a grounding electrode conductor. / αγωγός γείωσης
- estimate** [N-COUNT-U12] An estimate is a statement that tells someone how much money will be charged for someone else to do a certain amount of work. / υπολογισμός κόστους
- evaluate** [V-T-U14] To evaluate is to assess the state, usefulness or value of something. / αξιολογώ
- fail** [V-I-U15] To fail is for a device to not operate or not operate properly. / παθαίνω βλάβη, χαλώ
- fault current** [N-COUNT-U12] A fault current is an electrical current that is irregular in any way. For example, it may become disrupted at one point. / διαρροή ρεύματος
- faulty** [ADJ-U14] If an object or machine is faulty, it is not working properly. / ελαττωματικός
- feeder cable** [N-COUNT-U5] A feeder cable is a wire that delivers electricity to a panel. / καλώδιο τροφοδοσίας
- fixed wiring** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Fixed wiring is wiring that is fastened or connected to a wall or another object so that it will not move. / σταθερή καλωδίωση
- flammable** [ADJ-U15] If something is flammable, it will burst into flames when it gets very hot. / εύφλεκτος
- flexible** [ADJ-U2] If a conduit is flexible, it can be bent in different directions. / εύκαμπτος
- flicker** [V-I-U14] To flicker is to shine in a shaky way, or to change in brilliance. / τρεμοσβήνω
- flush** [ADJ-U10] If something is flush, its surface is level with the surface of something else. / αλληλαδιασμένος, στο ίδιο επίπεδο
- footer** [N-COUNT-U13] A footer is connected to the grounding system using rebar. It is a low-resistance ground. / αγωγός γείωσης
- four gang box** [N-COUNT-U10] A four gang box is an electrical box installed in a wall that delivers power to four switches. / πλῆαισιο με τέσσερις διακόπτες
- four-way switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A four-way switch allows a circuit to be controlled at three or more different locations. / διακόπτης τριών οδών
- frayed** [ADJ-U14] If an object is frayed, the end or edge of it is tattered or damaged so that the inside of the object is uncovered. / φθαρμένος
- function** [N-COUNT-U4] A function is a purpose or intended use for something. / λειτουργία
- fuse** [N-COUNT-U6] A fuse is a device with a small metal strip that melts and stops electrical flow when an excessive current passes through it. / ασφάλεια
- gadget** [N-COUNT-U4] A gadget is a small electronic or electrical device. / συσκευή
- ground** [V-T-U12] To ground is to link a circuit to the earth. / γειώνω
- ground fault** [N-COUNT-U12] A ground fault is the flow of electricity in a ground line because the electrical system has been damaged by a thunderstorm or something else. / πρόβλημα στη γείωση
- ground fault** [N-COUNT-U6] A ground fault is an electrical malfunction in which a current gets into a ground conductor and often causes a short circuit. / πρόβλημα στη γείωση
- ground rod** [N-COUNT-U12] A ground rod is a pole that is put in the earth so that electricity will flow there. / ράβδος γείωσης
- ground wire** [N-COUNT-U13] A ground wire is grounded and completes a circuit if a neutral wire fails. / καλώδιο γείωσης
- grounded** [ADJ-U2] If a conduit is grounded, it is connected with the ground. / γειωμένος
- grounding conductor** [N-COUNT-U5] A grounding conductor is a wire that keeps an electrical current stable by maintaining an electrical connection with the earth. / αγωγός γείωσης
- grounding electrode conductor** [N-COUNT-U12] A grounding electrode conductor joins part of a system of electricity to other conductors, or electrodes. / αγωγός με ηλεκτρόδιο γείωσης
- grounding pin** [N-COUNT-U9] A grounding pin is a prong on some plugs that prevents electrical surges by maintaining a connection with the earth through a neutral wire. / ακροδέκτης γείωσης
- grounding screw** [N-COUNT-U10] A grounding screw is a metal piece that grounds a metal coverplate. / βίδα γείωσης
- grounding slot** [N-COUNT-U9] A grounding slot is a receptacle on some outlets that receives the grounding pin. / υποδοχή γείωσης
- handy box** [N-COUNT-U8] A handy box is a metal box that is sometimes used as a substitute receptacle box. / κουτάκι αντί για πίνακα ασφαλειών
- hook up** [V PHRASE-U9] To hook up something is to install it. / συνδέω, εγκαθιστώ
- hot bus** [N-COUNT-U4] A hot bus is the part of an electrical system that receives electricity from an electrical meter and delivers it to the service panel. / καλώδιο διανομής ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος
- hot conductor** [N-COUNT-U5] A hot conductor is a wire that carries electricity to a fixture or appliance. / ενεργός αγωγός ρεύματος
- ignite** [V-T-U14] To ignite something is to set it on fire. / βάζω φωτιά

- immediate turn plug** [N-COUNT-U9] An immediate turn plug is a plug with an electrical cord that lies against a wall instead of sticking straight out from the wall. It should be plugged in so that the cord hangs. / ρευματολήπτης (φίς) με σταθερή πολικότητα
- installation** [N-COUNT-U2] An installation is the act of fitting an electrical appliance for use. / εγκατάσταση
- insulation displacement connector** [N-COUNT-U1] An insulation displacement connector allows for a wire to not be stripped before connecting. / συνδετήρας που προφυλάσσει τα καλώδια απ' την απογύμνωση
- integral nail box** [N-COUNT-U8] An integral nail box is a lower-priced receptacle box that already has nail holes drilled into it. / κουτάκι με ενσωματωμένα καρφιά στήριξης
- keyed switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A keyed switch is an on/off switch that is controlled with a removable key. / διακόπτης με κλειδί
- main service panel** [N-COUNT-U4] A main service panel is the part of an electrical system that controls the distribution of power to a particular house or building. / κεντρικός πίνακας ασφαλειών
- main switch** [N-COUNT-U4] A main switch is the part of a service panel that can cut off electricity to an entire house or building. / γενικός διακόπτης
- maintenance** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Maintenance is the care and protecting of an object in order to keep it working in good condition. / συντήρηση
- malfunction** [N-COUNT-U5] A malfunction is when an electrical appliance does not work properly. / δυσλειτουργία
- manually** [ADV-U4] If something is done manually, it is controlled by a person directly. / χειροκίνητα
- moisture tight fitting** [N-COUNT-U2] A moisture tight fitting is a conduit made specifically to keep water out. / υδατοστεγής αγωγός καλωδίων
- mount** [V-T-U8] To mount an object is to attach it to another object. / εγκαθιστώ και στερεώνω
- narrow slot** [N-COUNT-U9] A narrow slot is the smaller of the two rectangular slots in an electrical outlet. It connects to the prong that delivers a hot electrical current to the plug. / στενή υποδοχή μπρίζας
- neutral bus** [N-COUNT-U4] A neutral bus is the part of an electrical system that carries a current back to the service panel after the power has been spent. / ουδέτερος αγωγός
- neutral return conductor** [N-COUNT-U5] A neutral return conductor is a wire that carries spent electrical current back to the electrical panel or subpanel. / ουδέτερος αγωγός επιστροφής
- non-corrosive** [ADJ-U2] If a conduit is non-corrosive, it cannot be damaged by chemicals. / που δε διαβρώνεται
- non-metallic tubing** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Non-metallic tubing is a type of conduit tubing made of plastic. / μη μεταλλικές σωληνώσεις
- offset connector** [N-COUNT-U1] An offset connector is used to change the direction of a wire entering an electrical box. / λοξός σύνδεσμος
- open circuit** [N-COUNT-U11] An open circuit is one with a missing connection (meaning no current flows). / ανοιχτό κύκλωμα
- outlet** [N-COUNT-U9] An outlet is a device installed in a wall that carries electricity to devices that are plugged into it. / μπρίζα
- outlet box** [N-COUNT-U8] An outlet box is a container that holds the plug-in for electrical connections. / εξωτερική μπρίζα σε κουτάκι
- outlet cap** [N-COUNT-U9] An outlet cap is a plastic cover that prevents unwanted materials from entering the openings of an unused outlet. / κάλυμμα μπρίζας
- overcrowded** [ADJ-U8] If something is overcrowded, it contains too many people or objects. / υπερπληθής
- overcurrent** [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Overcurrent is a surge of power that occurs when an electrical current exceeds a circuit's amperage capacity. / υπέρβαση ποσότητας ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος που αντέχει ένα κύκλωμα
- overheat** [V-I-U14] If something overheats it, becomes too hot. / υπερθερμαίνωμαι
- overload** [N-COUNT-U6] Overload occurs when an electrical current is too high for a particular electrical system. / υπερφόρτιση
- owner's manual** [N-COUNT-U7] An owner's manual is a booklet that provides manufacturer details and instructions for using a particular product. / χειρίδιο με οδηγίες χρήσης
- pancake box** [N-COUNT-U8] A pancake box is a thin, round receptacle box. / στρογγυλό κουτάκι ασφαλειών
- panel bond** [N-COUNT-U13] A panel bond is a wire that connects the panel to the grounding system. / καλώδιο γείωσης του πίνακα ασφαλειών
- parallel** [ADJ-U13] If two things are parallel, they run in the same direction but do not cross paths. / παράλληλος
- parity** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Parity is the condition of being equal or balanced. / ισότητα, αναλογία
- permanent** [ADJ-U15] If something is permanent, it is meant to stay in place and work over a long period of time. / μόνιμος
- pilot light switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A pilot light switch has a small light built in. The light indicates that the switch is turned on. / διακόπτης με φωτεινή ένδειξη
- plug** [N-COUNT-U9] A plug is a part with two or more prongs that connects an electrical cord to an outlet. / ρευματολήπτης, το φίς
- plug and socket connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A plug and socket connector has one plug with prongs that is inserted into the openings of a receptor plug. / μπρίζα για υποδοχή του φίς
- plug fuse** [N-COUNT-U6] A plug fuse is a fuse with a threaded end that screws into a socket. / βιδωτή ασφάλεια
- polarity** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Polarity is the state of having positive and negative electrical charges. / πολικότητα
- post connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A post connector is a connector used to attach a single wire to a piece of equipment. / συνδετήρας μονού καλωδίου με συσκευή
- precaution** [N-COUNT-U14] A precaution is a safety measure that workers take in order to avoid a hazardous situation. / προφύλαξη
- prevention** [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Prevention is the act of stopping something from happening. / πρόληψη

- protection** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Protection is the ability of a conduit to keep out certain dangers, such as a fire. / προστασία
- replacement** [N-COUNT-U6] A replacement is when a broken thing is changed for a new one. / αντικατάσταση
- remote** [ADJ-U5] If something is remote, it is set apart from something else that it is connected to. / απομακρυσμένος
- residential grade switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A residential grade switch is a light duty switch. It is used in homes and is cheaper in price. / οικιακός διακόπτης
- resistance** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Resistance is the amount of voltage applied on two resistor terminals compared to the current that circulates between them. / αντίσταση
- right-of-way** [N-COUNT-U3] A right-of-way is a strip of land that is used by a utility company to construct and operate transmission lines. / χώρος για τοποθέτηση ηλεκτρικών καλωδίων
- ring terminal** [N-COUNT-U1] A ring terminal is a single wire connection in which a screw or bolt is inserted to make electrical contact. / καλώδιο σύνδεσης με βίδα/μπουλόνι
- route** [N-COUNT-U2] A route is the specified course that a conduit goes along. / διαδρομή δικτύου
- safety cover** [N-COUNT-U15] A safety cover is a plastic plug that goes into an unused electrical outlet to prevent children from injuring themselves. / προστατευτικό κάλυμμα
- safeguard** [V-T-U4] If something safeguards something else, it protects it. / προφυλάσσω, προστατεύω
- safety precaution** [N PHRASE-U5] A safety precaution is something done to prevent something dangerous from happening. / προφύλαξη
- secondary** [ADJ-U5] If something is secondary, it serves a lesser purpose than something else. / δευτερεύων, βοηθητικός
- securely** [ADV-U15] If you fasten something securely, it is tied down or attached so it will not move easily or by accident. / με ασφαλή τρόπο, σταθερά
- service cable** [N-COUNT-U3] A service cable is a wire that provides a customer's property with electricity. It can be buried or aerial. / καλώδιο διανομής ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος
- service drop** [N-COUNT-U3] A service drop is the electrical line that runs from a buried service or an aerial service to a customer's building. / καλώδιο σύνδεσης με την παροχή ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος
- service entrance (SE)** [N-COUNT-U3] A service entrance (SE) is the place where electricity enters a building. / είσοδος παροχής ρεύματος
- service lateral** [N-COUNT-U3] A service lateral is a power supply that is located underground. / υπόγεια παροχή ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος
- shallow** [ADJ-U8] If a box is shallow, it does not have much space for wires. / ρηχός
- short** [V-I-U8] To short is to create an electrical connection that was not meant to happen. / παθαίνω βραχυκύκλωμα
- short circuit** [N-COUNT-U5] A short circuit is an electrical failure caused by improper or damaged electrical connections. / βραχυκύκλωμα
- single gang box** [N-COUNT-U10] A single gang box is an electrical box installed in a wall that delivers power to one switch. / μονός διακόπτης
- single outlet** [N-COUNT-U9] A single outlet is an outlet that can receive one plug receptacle. / μονή μπρίζα
- single pole breaker** [N-COUNT-U6] A single pole breaker is a circuit breaker that is connected to one hot bus bar and supplies 120-volt power to a circuit. / διακόπτης μονής ασφάλειας
- single pole switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A single pole switch is a basic on/off switch. It allows only one contact to open at a given time. / μονοπολικός διακόπτης
- snap** [V-I-U7] To snap is to fit quickly and snugly into a particular place, often causing a clicking noise. / κινούμαι απότομα και με κρότο
- soil condition** [N PHRASE-U13] Soil condition refers to the texture of the soil, such as dry, rocky, or wet. / η κατάσταση του εδάφους
- solderless connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A solderless connector connects wires by using mechanical pressure instead of solder. / συνδετήρας καλωδίων χωρίς υλικό συγκόλλησης
- spade terminal** [N-COUNT-U1] A spade terminal is the same as a ring terminal except that the metal part doesn't make a full ring. / καλώδιο σύνδεσης με ημικυκλική κεφαλή
- sphere of influence** [N PHRASE-U13] A sphere of influence is an electrical current that flows from the ground rod and into the soil that surrounds it. The current moves away from the ground rod in waves. / περιοχή στο έδαφος που περνάει το ρεύμα από τη γείωση
- split bolt connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A split bolt connector is used for taps and splices in building wiring. / κολληοσυνδετήρας αγωγού
- stability** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Stability is the condition of being not easily changed or disrupted. / ευστάθεια φορτίου
- stray voltage** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Stray voltage is electrical energy flowing through something that it should not be flowing through, such as a lamp post. / διαρροή τάσης
- subpanel** [N-COUNT-U5] A subpanel is the part of an electrical system that controls the delivery of power from the main service panel to all or part of a house or building. / δευτερεύων ηλεκτρικός πίνακας
- surge arrester** [N-COUNT-U12] A surge arrester is a piece of equipment which saves electrical systems from being negatively affected by lightning. / συσκευή προστασίας από υπερβολική τάση
- temporary** [ADJ-U15] If something is temporary, it is meant to last or be used for a short period of time. / προσωρινός
- terminal block connector** [N-COUNT-U1] A terminal block connector is used to connect individual electrical wires. / συνδετήρας καλωδίων
- three gang box** [N-COUNT-U10] A three gang box is an electrical box installed in a wall that delivers power to three switches. / ηθίασιο διακοπών τριών θέσεων
- three-way switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A three-way switch is used for circuits with two different locations. / διακόπτης δύο οδών

timer switch [N-COUNT-U11] A timer switch is a switch that is set to turn on or off at a desired time. / χρονοδιακόπτης

toggle switch [N-COUNT-U11] A toggle switch is an electrical switch with a lever. The lever moves up and down to control the switch. / διακόπτης με μοχλό

traffic [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Traffic is the movement of people or objects through an area. / κυκλοφοριακή κίνηση

transfer [V-T-U7] To transfer something is to move or redirect something. / μεταφέρω

trip [V-T-U6] To trip something is to trigger or release a switch to set something into operative mode. / ρίχνω την ασφάλεια (λόγω υπερφόρτισης του κυκλώματος)

two gang box [N-COUNT-U10] A two gang box is an electrical box installed in a wall that delivers power to two switches. / πηλαιο διακοπών δύο θέσεων

utility pole [N-COUNT-U3] A utility pole is a large pole that is used to support overhead wires such as power lines and telephone wires. / κολώνα στήριξης καλωδίων διανομής ηλεκτρικού ρεύματος

utility transformer [N-COUNT-U3] A utility transformer is a device that changes electricity from high to low voltage. / μετατροπέας τάσης

volume [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Volume is the amount of space inside something measured in cubic units. / όγκος

wall cavity [N-COUNT-U10] A wall cavity is an opening in a wall where a fixture, such as a switch box, is mounted. / άνοιγμα στον τοίχο (για τοποθέτηση μηρίζας)

weatherproof [ADJ-U8] If something is weatherproof, it can endure any kind of weather. / αδιάβροχος, ανθεκτικός στις καιρικές συνθήκες

wide slot [N-COUNT-U9] A wide slot is the larger of the two rectangular slots in an electrical outlet. It connects to the neutral prong that receives a spent electrical current from the plug. / φαρδιά τρύπα στην μηρίζα

worn out [ADJ PHRASE-U15] When something is worn out, it has outlived its optimal usefulness or durability and should be replaced. / φθαρμένος

zip cord [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Zip cord is a set of two or more attached insulated wires that may be separated by pulling them apart. It is usually used for household appliances. / καλώδιο δύο αγωγών

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accessible [ADJ-U15] If something is accessible, it can be used or reached with ease. / διαθέσιμος, που μπορείς να βρεις

accurate [ADJ-U4] If a piece of information is accurate, it is correct. / ακριβής

adjacent [ADJ-U9] If something is adjacent to a particular object, it means it is near or close to it. / δίπλα σε

air gap [N-COUNT-U10] An air gap is the space between a heater and the wall through which air can flow. / κενό μεταξύ συσκευής και τοίχου

air handler [N-COUNT-U11] An air handler is a device that has a blower as well as heating and cooling parts. It controls how much air is sent out in an air conditioner or heater. / εξωτερική μονάδα κλιματιστικού/ θερμοσίφωνα

anticorrosion [ADJ-U8] If something is anticorrosion, it protects a metal surface from breaking down due to chemical processes. / αντιδιαβρωτικό μέσο

appliance [N-COUNT-U9] An appliance is a device that performs a specific task. It is usually for household use. / οικιακή συσκευή

arc fault [N-COUNT-U5] An arc fault is an electrical surge or interruption that can cause fires. / βραχυκύκλωμα που προκαλεί φωτιά

assumption [N-COUNT-U14] An assumption is something you think is probably true even though there is no proof that it is. / υπόθεση, συμπέρασμα

attach [V-T-U3] To attach something is to join it to something else. / συνδέω

ballast [N-COUNT-U6] A ballast controls the voltage of electrical gas discharge lights (such as fluorescent lights). / στραγγαλιστικό πηνίο (εξάρτημα που ενεργοποιεί ένα λαμπτήρα φθορισμού)

bare [ADJ-U6] If an object is bare, it is not covered and is open to view. / (για λαμπτήρα) γυμνός, χωρίς κάλυμμα

base depth [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Base depth is the amount of depth that must be allowed when installing a fixture in a ceiling. It is an important part of the measurements for an installation. / βάθος εγκατάστασης σε οροφή

baseboard heater [N-COUNT-U10] A baseboard heater is a heating system located around the perimeter of a room above the lowest part of the walls. / θερμαντικό σώμα τοίχου σε μικρή απόσταση από το πάτωμα

build up [N-COUNT-U13] A build up is a steady increase in the amount or level of something. / σταδιακή αύξηση

build up [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Build up refers to an increase in material or an accumulation of material. / σταδιακή αύξηση

bulb [N-COUNT-U6] A bulb is an electric device that gets hot and gives off light when electricity passes through it. / λαμπτήρας

burn out [V PHRASE-I-U8] To burn out is to stop functioning. / (για λαμπτήρα) καίγεται

buzz [V-I-U6] To buzz is to emit a type of low, vibrating, humming sound. / βουίζω

care [N-UNCOUNT-U3] The care of a device or object is the equipment needed or actions required to keep it in working order. / φροντίδα, προσοχή

ceiling box [N-COUNT-U6] A ceiling box is used to anchor light fixtures. It serves as a junction box where the fixture's wires meet. / κουτί σύνδεσης φωτιστικού οροφής

ceiling fan [N-COUNT-U7] A ceiling fan is a device with rotating blades that is attached to a ceiling and is used to move air around a room. / ανεμιστήρας οροφής

charge [N-COUNT-U13] A charge is the amount of stored electricity an object holds. / ηλεκτρικό φορτίο

circuit breaker ground fault circuit interrupter [N-COUNT-U2] A circuit breaker ground fault circuit interrupter protects against a ground fault and a circuit overload. / διακόπτης κυκλώματος βλάβης γείωσης

circulate [V-T-U7] To circulate something is to move something continuously throughout a space. / θέτω σε κυκλοφορία

- clearance** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Clearance is the amount of space in which something can move without touching something else. / ελεύθερος χώρος
- coaxial cable** [N-COUNT-U14] A coaxial cable is an electrical cable with an inner conductor. It is used for radios, cable TV signals, and Internet connections. / ομοαξονικό καλώδιο
- coil** [N-COUNT-U3] A GFCI coil is a transformer that sends a warning signal when the sensor detects a change in the electrical current. / πηνίο
- compare** [V-T-U1] To compare is to examine two or more items (objects, people, ideas) so that similarities and differences can be noted. / συγκρίνω
- condensation** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Condensation is the process by which something turns from a gaseous state to a liquid one. / συμπύκνωση
- configuration** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Configuration is the arrangement of the parts of an object. / διάταξη
- consumption** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Consumption is the act of making use of or consuming a resource. / κατανάλωση
- convenient** [ADJ-U2] If something is convenient, it is suitable or well-suited for a particular purpose. / βολικός, κατάλληλος
- cord connected ground fault circuit interrupter** [N-COUNT-U2] A cord connected ground fault circuit interrupter is a GFCI combined with an extension cord. It is useful for receptacles that do not have the protection of a GFCI. / διακόπτης κυκλώματος βλάβης γείωσης με καλώδιο προέκτασης
- corrode** [V-T-U6] To corrode metal is for a chemical reaction to take place that slowly destroys the metal. / διαβρώνω
- corrugated duct** [N-COUNT-U11] A corrugated duct is a flexible duct that has a shape consisting of ridges and grooves. / κυματοειδής αγωγός
- coverplate** [N-COUNT-U10] A coverplate is a piece of metal that covers the elements in a heating unit. / εξωτερικό κάλυμμα θερμαντικού σώματος
- coverage** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Coverage is the amount of an area that is reached or covered by something. / πεδίο κάλυψης
- cross support** [N-COUNT-U7] A cross support is a solid beam that forms part of the structure of a ceiling. / εγκάρσιο δοκάρι
- cutoff switch** [N-COUNT-U11] A cutoff switch is a mechanism that is used to completely shut down or disable a device. / διακόπτης πλήρους απενεργοποίησης
- depth** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Depth refers to the dimension an object takes. It is usually downward from an upper surface. / βάθος
- derate** [V-I-U9] If electrical devices derate, then the power rating of those devices is reduced. / (για συσκευή) μειώνεται η ισχύς της
- diagnose** [V-T-U4] To diagnose an electrical problem is to discover what kind of problem it is by inspecting it. / κάνω διάγνωση προβλήματος
- digital** [ADJ-U10] If something is digital, it displays data in the form of numbers. / ψηφιακός
- direct burial** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Direct burial refers to a cable or wire that is installed directly in the earth. / καλώδιο άμεσης γείωσης
- discharge** [V-I-U13] To discharge means to relieve an object of a charge. / (για καλώδιο κ.λπ.) χάνει το ηλεκτρικό φορτίο του
- disconnect** [N-COUNT-U11] A disconnect is an act of disconnecting an object by mechanical means. / αποσύνδεση
- dishwasher** [N-COUNT-U9] A dishwasher is a machine that is used for washing kitchen dishes and utensils automatically. / πλυντήριο πιάτων
- downstream** [ADV-U1] If something is downstream, it is in the latter part of a system or process. / προς τα κάτω, σε αντίθετη κατεύθυνση
- drain** [V-T-U13] To drain means to withdraw a substance gradually. / παροχετεύω, απομακρύνω εντελώς
- drop-in** [ADJ-U9] If an object is described as being drop-in, it is ready for use and only needs to be lifted and placed in an opening. / (για συσκευή) εντοιχιζόμενη
- dry board** [N-COUNT-U1] A dry board is a white, glossy surface that is used for making non-permanent markings. / λευκός γυαλιστερός πίνακας
- dual pin bulb** [N-COUNT-U6] A dual pin bulb for fluorescent bulbs has two pins on each side that allows electricity to power the light. / λαμπτήρας με δύο ακίδες
- dusk-to-dawn light** [N-COUNT-U8] A dusk-to-dawn light is a light that automatically turns on when it senses darkness and turns off when it senses sunlight. / λαμπτήρας με φωτοκύτταρο
- electric clothes dryer** [N-COUNT-U11] An electric clothes dryer is an appliance that removes moisture from a load of clothing using electricity to generate heat. / ηλεκτρικό στεγνωτήριο ρούχων
- electric stove** [N-COUNT-U9] An electric stove uses electricity to produce heat for cooking and baking. / ηλεκτρική κουζίνα
- electric wall heater** [N-COUNT-U10] An electric wall heater is a heating unit in the wall which usually uses a fan to make hot air flow through a room. / αερόθερμο τοίχου
- electrode** [N-COUNT-U13] An electrode is a conductor. A current goes through it in order to enter or leave a non-metallic object. / ηλεκτρόδιο
- enclosed** [ADJ-U6] If an object is enclosed, it is surrounded or closed in on all sides. / (για λαμπτήρα) μέσα σε κάλυμμα
- endanger** [V-T-U14] To endanger means to create a dangerous situation or put something at risk. / θέτω σε κίνδυνο
- entry light** [N-COUNT-U8] An entry light is a light that illuminates an area outside a door or along a path to a door. / φωτιστικό εισόδου κτιρίου
- erratic** [ADJ-U5] If something is erratic, it is irregular or unpredictable in the way it moves. / με διακυμάνσεις, ασταθής
- exceed** [V-T-U1] To exceed is to go beyond in quantity or quality. / υπερβαίνω
- exemption** [N-COUNT-U5] An exemption is the state of being excused from something that most people must do. / εξαίρεση
- exposed** [ADJ-U8] If something is exposed it is visible or unprotected. / εκτεθειμένος, μη προστατευόμενος
- fault** [N-COUNT-U4] A fault is an irregular electrical current. / βλάβη κυκλώματος

feature [N-COUNT-U3] A feature is a part of something that is important. / καθεμιά απ' τις λειτουργίες μιας συσκευής

feed [N-COUNT-U10] A feed is a wire that gives or passes electricity to a heating system. / καλώδιο τροφοδοσίας

feed wire [N-COUNT-U11] A feed wire is a wire that brings a current to a device. / καλώδιο τροφοδοσίας

fine print [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Fine print is the small writing containing important information that is often found at the bottom of documents. / ψιλά γράμματα

floodlight [N-COUNT-U8] A floodlight is a very bright light that illuminates a wide area. / προβολέας

flow out [V PHRASE-I-U1] To flow out means to come out of something, like a liquid. / απομακρύνομαι ρέοντας

fluorescent [ADJ-U6] If a light fixture is fluorescent, it emits light through exposure to radiation from an external source. / (για λαμπτήρα) φθορισμού

follow [V-T-U7] To follow something is to act in accordance or agreement with something. / ακολουθώ

four-conductor cable [N-COUNT-U11] A four-conductor cable has four insulated hot wires as well as a ground. / τετραπλό καλώδιο με γείωση

frame screw [N-COUNT-U9] A frame screw is used to fasten metal studs to a track. / βίδα συνθετικού πλαισίου

garbage disposal [N-COUNT-U9] A garbage disposal is a type of kitchen appliance that is used for disposing of garbage. It is an electric device that is usually installed under a kitchen sink. / σκουπιδοφάγος

general-purpose [ADJ-U1] If something is general-purpose, it can be used in many ways and is not restricted to one function. / γενικής χρήσης

GFCI tester [N-COUNT-U4] A GFCI tester is a device used to test the flow of electricity through circuits. / φορητή συσκευή για έλεγχο διαρροών ρεύματος

give out [V PHRASE-U4] To give out is to quit or shut off. / σταματώ να λειτουργώ

go with [V PHRASE-U2] To go with is to choose. / επιλέγω

ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) [N-COUNT-U1] A ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) is a circuit breaker that is fast-acting. If it senses an imbalance in an electrical current, it shuts off the electricity immediately. / διακόπτης κυκλώματος βλάβης γείωσης

ground resistance [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Ground resistance is the opposition of the earth to the current that flows through it. / αντίσταση της γείωσης

ground skew [N-COUNT-U15] A ground skew occurs when interconnected appliances are plugged into different circuits. In this situation, the appliances might not work properly at all times. / λανθασμένη σύνδεση συσκευών

grounding block [N-COUNT-U15] A grounding block is a device used to connect two coaxial cables to the earth. It helps to prevent surges. / συσκευή γείωσης

hardwired [ADJ-U9] If something is hardwired, it usually comes directly from a source and cannot be modified. / συνδεδεμένος με μόνιμη καλωδίωση

hardwired surge protection [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Hardwired surge protection is a type of protection with wires that are stripped and connected into a device. Some are encased in a metal box. / συσκευή προστασίας από διαρροές ρεύματος

heat pump [N-COUNT-U11] A heat pump takes lower temperature heat from one location and moves it to another location at a higher temperature. / συσκευή θέρμανσης

high output bulb [N-COUNT-U6] A high output bulb is a type of bulb that produces brighter light due to high wattage. / λαμπτήρας έντονου φωτεινότητας

horsepower [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Horsepower is a measure of how powerful an electrical device is. / ιπποδύναμη, η ισχύς μιας συσκευής

imbalance [N-COUNT-U3] An imbalance occurs when there is more electric current going out of the device than there is coming back in. / ασυμμετρία στα ηλεκτρικά φορτία

incandescent [ADJ-U6] If a light fixture is incandescent, it emits light when it is heated. / (για λαμπτήρα) πυρακτώσεως

independently [ADV-U7] If something exists independently, it does not rely on other things in order to function. / χωριστά, ανεξάρτητα

indicate [V-T-U4] To indicate is to point toward or specify something. / υποδηλώνω, σημαίνω

induced voltage [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Induced voltage is voltage that is generated in a conductor when it has been subjected to a moving magnetic field. / επαγωγική τάση

insulated crimp [N-COUNT-U12] An insulated crimp is a type of wire that has been joined through heating. / συγκόλληση καλωδίων με θερμότητα

integral thermostat [N-COUNT-U10] An integral thermostat is a power-saving device which automatically turns the heater on and off when necessary. / θερμοστάτης

interrupt [V-T-U4] To interrupt an electrical current is to change or stop it. / διακόπτω

joist [N-COUNT-U6] A joist is a beam made of wood, steel, or concrete. It is set parallel from wall to wall to support a ceiling or a floor. / δοκάρι

jumper [N-COUNT-U13] A jumper is a short length of conductor. It is used to make a temporary connection between the terminals of a circuit or to completely bypass a circuit. / βραχυκυκλωτήρας

landscape light [N-COUNT-U8] A landscape light is a low-voltage light that illuminates an outdoor area, usually in a manner that is visually appealing. / φωτιστικό εξωτερικού χώρου

last resort [N PHRASE-U2] A last resort is a solution to be used after all others have been rejected or have failed. / ύστατη λύση

leakage [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Leakage is the escape of electricity from an electrical system. / διαρροή ρεύματος

light fixture [N-COUNT-U6] A light fixture is a lighting unit that has one or more lamps, a socket, and various other parts that hold it in place. / φωτιστικό

lightning [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Lightning is an electric spark discharge that occurs in the atmosphere. It can occur within a cloud, between clouds, or between a cloud and the ground. / αστραπή

line connection [N-COUNT-U3] A line connection links wires to the electric panel and is the connection that provides the power. / σύνδεση παροχής με τον πίνακα

- load connection** [N-COUNT-U3] A load connection links the object using electricity to the outlet and is the connection that uses the power. / σύνδεση παροχής με την μπρίζα
- low-resistance grounding system** [N-COUNT-U14] A low-resistance grounding system protects a device such as a power transformer or generator from fault currents. / σύστημα γείωσης χαμηλής αντίστασης
- magnetic line of force** [N-COUNT-U13] A magnetic line of force is an imaginary line that exists in a field of force. The direction of the line at any point represents the direction of the force at that point. / vonή δυναμική γραμμή μαγνητικού πεδίου
- manufacturer** [N-COUNT-U2] A manufacturer can be a person, a group of people, or a company that make or produce particular things. / κατασκευαστής
- marking** [N-COUNT-U5] A marking is a mark or symbol that identifies an object. / σύμβολο, σήμανση
- massive** [ADJ-U14] If something is massive, it is very large in size. / τεράστιος
- max out** [N-COUNT-U2] A max out is when the limit of a certain capacity is reached. / προσέγγιση ανώτατου ορίου
- mild** [ADJ-U1] If a substance is mild, it is not severe or extreme. / ήπιος
- mix up** [V PHRASE-U5] To mix up something is to confuse it with something else. / μπερδεύω, δεν μπορώ να ξεχωρίσω
- monitor** [V-T-U5] To monitor something is to check or watch it to find out what is happening. / παρακολουθώ, ελέγχω
- motion detector** [N-COUNT-U8] A motion detector is a device that activates a light when it senses movement. / ανιχνευτής κίνησης
- nameplate rating** [N-COUNT-U9] Nameplate rating refers to the maximum operating rating that has been applied to a piece of electrical equipment by the manufacturer. This includes amps, volts, and other specifications. / πινακίδα οικιακής συσκευής με στοιχεία απ' τον κατασκευαστή
- national electrical code** [N PHRASE-U5] The national electrical code is a set of rules for how to install electrical equipment. / εθνικός ηλεκτρικός κώδικας
- network interface device (NID)** [N-COUNT-U15] A network interface device (NID) is mounted on the side of a house. It is where the cables for the telephone go in and the wire for the house telephone goes out. / συσκευή παροχής τηλεφωνικής σύνδεσης
- nonconductive** [ADJ-U1] If an object is nonconductive, it does not have the capability of conducting. / μη αγώγιμος
- on site** [ADV PHRASE-U6] If a work project is on site, it takes place on the site or is located at the site. / στο χώρο εγκατάστασης, επί τόπου
- outgoing** [ADJ-U3] If a wire or current is outgoing, it is going away from the source that created or contains it. / εξερχόμενος
- peak** [N-COUNT-U14] A peak is the time when something is at its highest level. / ανώτατο σημείο, μέγιστη τιμή
- photoelectric cell** [N-COUNT-U8] A photoelectric cell is a sensor that measures the amount of light in a particular area. / φωτοκύτταρο
- plug-in surge protection** [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Plug-in surge protection covers those surge protectors that are simply pushed into place on the service panel. / προστασία από υπέρταση με πολύμπριζο ασφαλείας
- point-of-entry** [ADJ-U15] If something is point-of-entry it is the first stage of surge protection that occurs where electricity enters a building. A point-of-entry protection system stops voltage spikes from affecting an entire house. / στο σημείο εισόδου
- point-of-use** [ADJ-U15] If something is point-of-use it is a stage of surge protection that occurs at the place electronics are used. It provides protection for more sensitive components such as home electronics, personal computers, fax machines, and other appliances. / στο σημείο χρήσης των συσκευών
- pool** [V-I-U12] To pool means to bring together in one place. / συσσωρεύομαι
- portable ground fault circuit interrupter** [N-COUNT-U2] A portable ground fault circuit interrupter is used when it is not practical to install a GFCI. It contains circuitry in a plastic enclosure. It also has receptacle slots in the front and plug blades in the back. / φορητός διακόπτης κυκλώματος βλάβης γείωσης
- pressure switch** [N-COUNT-U12] A pressure switch is a type of safety device. It is activated by specific amounts of pressure. / διακόπτης πίεσης, πρεσοστάτης
- primary** [ADJ-U5] If something is primary, it is first in level or importance. / πρωταρχικός, κύριος
- probe** [N-COUNT-U3] A probe is a piece of equipment used for getting information about something. / ακροδέκτης μέτρησης
- procure** [V-T-U2] To procure something is to get it from someone or someplace. / προμηθεύομαι, αποκτώ
- prong** [N-COUNT-U1] A prong is something that is pointed and projected. / βύσμα μπρίζας
- provide** [V-T-U3] To provide is to give or supply something. / παρέχω
- pulse** [N-COUNT-U14] A pulse is a series of disturbances in voltage or current. It usually occurs at regular intervals. / αστάθεια στην παροχή ρεύματος
- pump wire** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Pump wire is a type of wire that can be used under water. / καλώδιο υποβρύχιας αντλίας
- range hood** [N-COUNT-U9] A range hood is an exhaust hood that is located over a kitchen range hood. It leads to a vent that exhausts unwanted fumes. / απορροφητήρας
- receptacle ground fault circuit interrupter** [N-COUNT-U2] A receptacle ground fault circuit interrupter combines a single GFCI device within one or more receptacle outlets. A receptacle type fits into a standard outlet box. / η μπρίζα με το διακόπτη κυκλώματος βλάβης γείωσης
- receptacle strip** [N-COUNT-U15] A receptacle strip is a unit that has plug-in outlets and contains surge protection circuits. / πολύμπριζο
- recur** [V-I-U15] To recur means that something happens again. / επαναλαμβάνομαι, επανεμφανίζομαι
- reference** [N-COUNT-U3] A reference is a guide someone goes to when they need help with a particular task. / πηγή, αναφορά

- refrigerator** [N-COUNT-U9] A refrigerator is an electrical kitchen appliance which keeps food and drink stored in it cool. / ψυγείο
- reliable** [ADJ-U1] If something is reliable, it can be trusted to do what it is expected to do. / αξιόπιστος
- rely on** [V PHRASE-U4] To rely on someone or something is to depend on that person or thing. / βασίζομαι σε
- remote control** [N-COUNT-U7] A remote control is a device that is used to control a machine or electronic equipment at a distance. / τηλεχειριστήριο
- renovate** [V-T-U2] To renovate something is to make it look new again by repairing or improving it. / ανακαινίζω
- reset** [ADJ-U2] Reset refers to a device's ability to have its settings changed by using a control mechanism so that it is ready to be used again. / επανεκκίνηση, επαναφορά ρυθμίσεων
- respective** [ADJ-U5] If two things belong to respective categories, they belong to two particular and different categories. / αντίστοιχος
- response time** [N-COUNT-U10] A response time is the amount of time it takes a heater to heat up after it is turned on. / χρόνος ενεργοποίησης (μιας συσκευής)
- reverse** [V-T-U3] To reverse is to change the usual order of the parts of something. / αντιστρέφω
- rigid duct** [N-COUNT-U11] A rigid duct is a type of duct that allows for thermal insulation and noise absorption. It is smooth-walled. / σταθερός αγωγός
- security** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Security is the condition of being protected from danger. / ασφάλεια
- sense** [V-T-U5] To sense is to feel or detect by the use of the senses. / ανιχνεύω, εντοπίζω
- sensitivity** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Sensitivity is the level of ability to measure the changes or qualities of something. / ευαισθησία
- sensor** [N-COUNT-U3] A sensor is an object that distinguishes changes in its environment. / αισθητήρας
- shield** [N-COUNT-U13] A shield is a device that is used to protect a person or an object. / περίβλημα, κάλυψη
- short out** [V PHRASE-U10] To short out is to make a wire or electrical device have a short circuit. / (για συσκευή) βραχυκυκλώνει
- siding** [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Siding is boards or shingles that are used as surface material for the outside of a building. / επένδυση τοίχων/οροφών
- single pin bulb** [N-COUNT-U6] A single pin bulb for fluorescent bulbs has one pin on each side that allows electricity to power the bulb. / λαμπτήρας με μονή ακίδα
- slant** [N-COUNT-U8] A slant is the angle of a surface that is not straight up and down or side to side. / κλίση (επιφάνειας)
- slide-in** [ADJ-U9] If an object is described as being slide-in, it is ready for use and only needs to be pushed into place. / (για συσκευή) ημιεντοιχιζόμενη
- socket** [N-COUNT-U6] A socket supports a light fixture and allows it to connect with an electrical current. / ρευματοδότης, η μπρίζα του τοίχου
- stable** [ADJ-U7] If something is stable, it stays securely in one place and cannot be moved easily. / σταθερός, στερεός
- standard** [ADJ-U2] If something is standard, it is regarded as being common or customary. / κοινός, καθιερωμένος
- sticker** [N-COUNT-U3] A sticker is a paper with one adhesive side that clings to another surface. / αυτοκόλλητο χαρτάκι
- strain relief** [N-COUNT-U9] A strain relief refers to a device that is attached to an electrical cord. It reduces the amount of strain on the cord. / συσκευή που περιορίζει την ένταση του ρεύματος ενός καλωδίου
- strike** [N-COUNT-U14] A strike is the act or instance of hitting something. A lightning strike is when lightning hits an object or person. / χτύπημα αστραπής
- submersible pump** [N-COUNT-U12] A submersible pump is a type of pump that is cased in a protective housing along with its electric motor. The casing allows the unit to be used under water. / βυθιζόμενη αντλία
- surge** [N-COUNT-U13] A surge is excessive electrical voltage running through a cable. / υπερβολική τάση
- surge breaker** [N-COUNT-U15] A surge breaker is installed in the main service panel and serves to prevent massive surges from coming in through the utility line. / διακόπτης προστασίας από υπερβολική τάση του ρεύματος
- surge protector** [N-COUNT-U15] A surge protector is an appliance that protects a device from voltage spikes. It regulates the voltage supplied to that device. / συσκευή για προστασία από υπερβολική τάση του ρεύματος
- sustain** [V-T-U5] To sustain is to continue to maintain something or keep it working. / διατηρώ
- swing-up** [ADJ-U7] If a fan is swing-up, it can be hung at an angle during wiring and then swung into place to complete installation. / με ταλαντευόμενο στερεωτή
- terminal** [N-COUNT-U3] A terminal is the place used to connect two or more wires. / συσκευή όπου καταλήγουν οι συνδέσεις
- test button** [N-COUNT-U4] A test button is a button that you can push in order to test or check whether a device is working. / διακόπτης ελέγχου λειτουργίας
- throw** [V-T-U4] To throw is to move a switch in order to turn something on or off. / ανοίγω/κλείνω (διακόπτη)
- unintentional** [ADJ-U5] If something is unintentional, it is not done on purpose. / μη σκόπιμος, ακούσιος
- utility line** [N-COUNT-U14] A utility line is a wire that is provided and owned by a utility company. It carries a power supply. / κεντρικό καλώδιο παροχής ηλεκτρικής ενέργειας σε καταναλωτή
- utility transformer** [N-COUNT-U14] A utility transformer is a device used to transfer electric energy from one circuit to another and causes change in voltage or currents. / μετατροπέας τάσης
- variable-speed** [ADJ-U7] If something is variable-speed, it has settings that allow a user to operate it faster or more slowly. / μεταβλητής ταχύτητας
- variable-wattage unit** [N-COUNT-U10] A variable-wattage unit is a heating system that can vary the amount of wattage it uses and is ideal for huge rooms or whole houses. / μονάδα θέρμανσης εναλλασσόμενης ισχύος
- vent run** [N-COUNT-U11] A vent run connects an electric clothes dryer to the outside ventilation system. / αγωγός εξαερισμού

verify [V-T-U4] To verify is to test or check something to make sure that it is correct. / εξασφαλίζω, ελέγχω για επιβεβαίωση

vertical [ADJ-U1] If something is vertical, it is upright or running lengthwise up and down. / κάθετος, κατακόρυφος

via [PREP-U1] Via means to do something by way of a particular route. / μέσω, δια μέσου

voltage spike [N-COUNT-U14] A voltage spike is a sudden increase of voltage. It can cause serious damage to electronic circuits. / απότομη αύξη τάσης

wall thermostat [N-COUNT-U10] A wall thermostat is a unit on the wall that allows homeowners to read and adjust the temperature of a heating system. / θερμοστάτης τοίχου

water heater [N-COUNT-U11] A water heater generates heat by heating incoming cold water from a water main or well. / θερμοσίφωνας

watertight [ADJ-U8] If something is watertight, water cannot pass through it. / αδιάβροχος

well [N-COUNT-U12] A well is a hole that is bored or drilled into the earth in order to obtain a substance such as water or oil. / πηγάδι

well cap [N-COUNT-U12] A well cap is installed on the top of a well casing. It prevents solid material and insects from getting in the well. / καπάκι πηγαδιού

well casing [N-COUNT-U12] A well casing is a tube-shaped lining of a well that is either bored or drilled. / επένδυση πηγαδιού

whip [N-COUNT-U9] A whip is found in drop-in types of range hoods and electric stoves. It is a pigtail of wires that hangs from the unit. / συστάδα καλωδίων συσκευών

wobble [V-I-U7] To wobble is to move back and forth unsteadily. / ταλαντεύομαι, είμαι ασταθής

zap [V-T-U13] To zap means to strike suddenly or instantly. / χτυπώ κάποιον με ρεύμα